



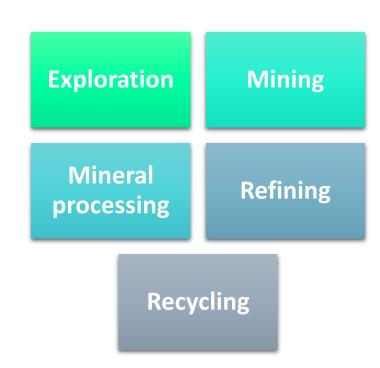




ETP SMR - What is it?

The European Technology Platform on Sustainable Mineral Resources (ETP SMR) is an association of entities operating in the Mineral Resources R&I sector across the whole value chain.

Our mission is to develop long-term European Minerals Industries Research and Innovation agendas and roadmaps for actions at EU and national level.





Members



29 Members

























Mintek

Republic of South Africa

Created with mapchart.net





Full Members

Associate Members

Ireland



Sweden

Norway

Germany

Netherlands

Belgium

France

Finland

Poland

Austria





























euromines







Spain



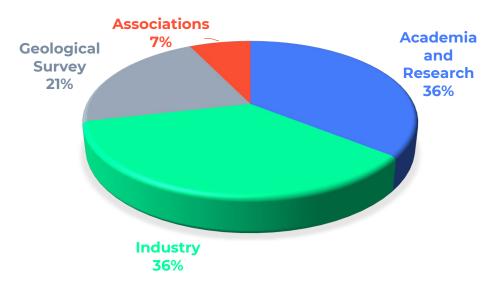


Romania



Stakeholder categories

- Raw materials Industry
- Technology providers
- Geological Surveys
- Academia and Research Institutes
- Industry & Stakeholder Associations
- International partners



New members 2024

- University of Liège
- BRGM
- RISE
- University of Oulu
- LKAB





Activities



Update of the ETP SMR Strategic R&I Agenda

- Update ambitions to match current needs
 - Two workshops, Dec 2022 and March 2023,
 - + consultation procedure on a first and second draft
- The World's climate ambitions increase the need for metals and minerals and also highlights also the need for climate neutral mining-, processing/refining-, and recycling operations
- Changed geopolitical context security of supply cannot be taken for granted
- New RM for emerging technologies the EU aims for leadership
- Advise the European Commission on relevant R&I needs for the mineral raw materials industries to enable secure and sustainable raw materials for the EU industries in line with the ambitions of the CRMA.



https://www.etpsmr.org/?post_d ocuments=etp-smr-strategicresearch-and-innovationagenda-2023





Involvement of EU R&I actions in joint clustering and networking using ETP SMR

ETP SMR co-hosting the International Raw Materials Conference
Uppsala 25.-26.4.2023

"Sourcing the European energy transition from domestic raw materials resources – vision or wishful thinking?"









General Meeting

ETP SMR 16th General Meeting

Trondheim, Norway | 4 - 5 September 2024





Conferences & Events 2024

- PDAC 2024 (March 2024) Our activities were showcased on the screens of the European Commission stand, & discussions and presented our SRIA.
- EIT Raw Material Summit (May 2024) Julie Hollis panellist in the "Addressing the Energy Storage and Conversion Realities" session
- IndTech2024 (June 2024) Kacper Chmielewski was invited to be part of a roundtable: "Changing the raw materials landscape: a SRIA for an EU co-funded Raw Materials Partnership". Discussion on ETP SMR's SRIA and its link with ERAMIN's SRIA and the CRM Act.
- EUSEW 2024 (June 2024) EU Sustainable Energy Week in Brussels
- Science Business NTNU SisAl pilot project event (October 2024) CRM circularity, ETP SMR represented by Philippe Giaro ULiège in Brussels
- EGS Directors' workshop & GSEU SRIA event (October 2024) Katarina Nilsson presented "The European Partnership on RM the linking role of EGS and a GSE



ETP SMR – 1st Workshop 'Strategic Implementation Plan' Raw Material Week

Brussels, Belgium | 10 December 2024

EU Commission – DG GROW Keynote Speaker: 'Co-Funded Partnership: Raw Materials for the Green and Digital transition'

Panel Discussion

- Rolf Kuby (Euromines)
- Tobias Kampman (ERA-MIN Vinnova)
- Michael Tost (Leoben University)
- Daniel Cios (DG GROW)
- Moderator: Julie Hollis (EuroGeoSurveys)

Round table (30 participants)











































The role of research and innovation in ensuring a safe and sustainable supply of critical raw materials in the EU



The role of research and innovation in ensuring a safe and sustainable supply of critical raw materials in the EU

STUDY

Panel for the Future of Science and Technology



EPRS | European Parliamentary Research Service

cientific Foresight Unit (STOA) PE 762.848 – July 2024

ΕN

The **European Parliament's report** mentions ETP SMR's SRIA several times.

https://www.europarl.europa.eu/RegData/etudes/STUD/2024/762848/EPRS_STU(2024)762848_EN.pdf



ETP SMR: Shaping Energy-Intensive Policies Through Sub-Group Work and Consultation Response

ETP SMR activities in sub-group of the High-Level Group on Energy-Intensive Industries

ETP SMR is actively involved in a sub-group of the High-Level Group on Energy-Intensive Industries. This group is working with the European Commission to develop a Transition Pathway (TP) for the European metals industry (both ferrous and non-ferrous). Our members played a key role by providing valuable feedback on draft documents in **December 2023, April & July 2024**.

These documents covered crucial areas like:



Feedback on ERA MIN's 1st Draft of the Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA) on Raw Materials in April 2024.



NEWSLETTERS

December 2024





European Technology Platform on Sustainable Mineral Resources

January 2024





European Technology Platform on Sustainable Mineral Resources

A reflection on the past year





July 2024





of us in shaping the new FP10 research framework programme, which the COM has asked us to do. This work requires a broad spectrum of perspectives from industry, academia, and specialized authorities, uniquely brought together by ETP SMR".

WOLFGANG REIMER ETP SMR Vice-President



Advancing raw materials innovation is crucial for Europe's green transition. Our discussions in Trondheim will help shape future EU policies, accelerate technological progress, and foster sustainable solutions. Together, we can ensure Europe's access to critical resources and drive impactful change."

October

2024

KATARINA OQUIST Treasurer of ETP SMR

2024 has been a year of strengthened networks, impactful engagement with the European Commission, and bold steps toward securing a sustainable raw materials future. Together, we're shaping innovation and collaboration to support Europe critical supply chain"

ETP SMR Ex-Com Member



Connect with us on social media!





Upcoming Events and Activities

- ETP SMR 2nd workshop Strategic and Implementation
 Plan members only April 2025, Brussels (TBC)

 Develop a basis for call texts to the European Commission (and the Co-funded RM Partnership) based on the SRIA
- ETP SMR 17th General Meeting September 2025 Germany

New website & branding

Meet Us

- PDAC March 2025 (Toronto, Canada)
- EIT Raw Material Summit 13 15 May 2025 (Brussels)
- Indtech2025 2-4June 2025 (Krakow, Poland)
- 29-30 October 2025: GKZ (Dresden): Learnings for European Autonomy to Deliver Europe's Rail in 2030 LEADER 2030; conference and site visit at Wacker Chemie
- Autumn 2025: GKZ industry excursion USA (Raw Materials,
 Rail and Space)
- RMW 2025



Why should you join the ETP SMR?

- Meet with stakeholders from: minerals industry, metallurgy, technology & machinery providers, research community, regulators, consumers, associations, civil society centered around the major technological challenges of the raw materials sector.
- ✓ Gain visibility and recognition from the European Commission (DG GROW), our key contact in defining research strategy priorities and innovation actions in the Mineral Resources sector, as well as the broader EU industry, research and policy community, particularly through our participation in strategic events such as EU Raw Materials Week, where ETP SMR is invited to participate and propose speakers.
- ✓ Be a part of our ETP SMR Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA), established and driven by our members and defining their common vision of the future challenges, highlighting current needs and gaps. The SRIA serves as an input to the European Commission's research programmes highlighting topics that need to be addressed within the multiannual work programme on raw materials, including calls and partnerships.
- ✓ Engagement with strategic partners in the raw materials R&I sector, including close cooperation with exploration and mining companies and other industries from the private sector across the raw materials value chain, as well as the public sector national Geological Surveys of Europe.
- ✓ Access latest news in the raw material sector concerning research and innovation projects and European policy developments.
- ✓ Provide input into the framing of strategic Position Papers on issues of key relevance to the Raw Materials sector and to the implementation of EU policy and legislation.
- ✓ Preferential access to an established network of partners for collaboration in raw materials research and innovation projects.
- ✓ Become part of a larger community and gain visibility on the European stage.









Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA) - Summary





Need for Research and Innovation in **Exploration**





- No new mines without exploration
- < 2% of investments in exploration are allocated to EU Member States</p>
- CRM Act Member States shall draw up national exploration programmes
- Mineral potential Europe is underexplored

Challenges

- > Skills shortage
- Need:
 - R&I to discover and understand ore deposits in Europe
 - Technology to process, extract and recycle CRM/SRM
 - Collaboration with strong exploration & mining jurisdiction



R&I – Mineral potential

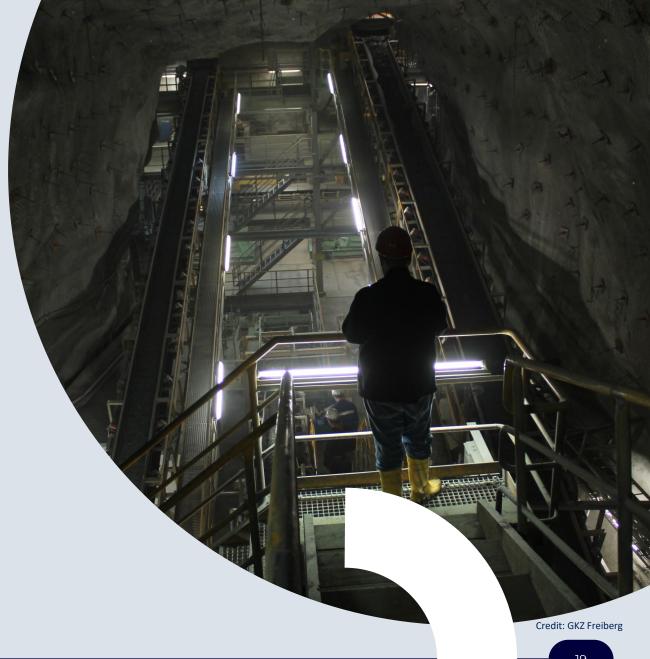
- ✓ Strengthen efforts to improve the EU's exploration capabilities by linking R&I actions to the Member States Exploration Programs (actions needed now, however long term effects)
- ✓ Improved knowledge base on the vast variety of European ore types (not limited to MS Exploration Programs) and cost-effective exploration technology.

R&I - Policy

✓ Examination of policy and legislative barriers to the EU's ability to increase domestic production from both primary and secondary sources.



Need for Research and Innovation in Mineral Processing





Developed

Improved

New

Efficient

Methods

Technologies

Traceability and industry integration

• Global Passport - traceability through the value chain



Process optimization

- Comminution technologies
 - ✓ Measurement technology
 - ✓ Models for optimizing design
 - ✓ Control of comminution and separation circuits
- Efficient wet and dry separation processes / technologies
 - ✓ Treating polymetallic and complex ores
 - ✓ Removing impurities
 - ✓ Improving recovery of low-grade
- Geometallurgical modelling
 - ✓ Process mineralogy
 - ✓ Analytics for resources characterization
 - ✓ Economical optimisation
 - ✓ Ore traceability
- New and smart process design and methods
- Model-predictive control concepts and data-driven models (digital twins)

Environmental performance

- Flotation reagents (effects on downstream processing, water recirculation, and health and safety)
- Water treatment methods
- Feasibility of dry stacking in wet climates

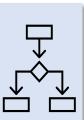
Recycling and secondary feed streams

- Design for end-of-life products
- Automation
 - ✓ Identification of the source
 - ✓ Dismantling and separation

2

System integration

- **Digitised processing plants** (advanced online characterization, sensor technology, and data analytics)
- Integration with upstream and downstream processes (geology/mining and smelter processes)
- Coupling of business sectors and development of new business models





What are the expected impacts?



Credit: Boliden

Reduced:

- ✓ energy consumption
- ✓ losses of valuable minerals (including CRMs)
- ✓ cost (less energy consumption and wear)

Increased:

- ✓ revenue through cost-effective production of by-products
- ✓ **security of supply** of raw materials

Improved:

- ✓ environmental performance (e.g., climate impact, water management, emissions, tailings)
- ✓ social acceptance of mineral processing plants due to higher resource efficiency, lower emissions, and less waste

Developed intelligent production systems



Need for Research and Innovation in Metallurgy/Metals recovery & Recycling





New materials for emerging technologies

(procurement/production/recycling)

Traceability and industry integration

• EU's digital product passport in the recycling industry for circular economy

Decarbonisation

- Climate neutral processing & refining technologies (incl. use of reagents with no carbon footprint)
- Alternative carbon free reduction agents (technically & economically viable)
- Decarbonisation of energy intensive metallurgical processes

Environmental performance

- Methods for optimized use of energy & water
- Development of technologies with low atmospheric & water emissions with minimal impact on the environment

Process- and resource optimisation (primary- and secondary resources)

- Process design optimization using thermodynamic data, considering efficiency in the process route (new measurement technology, process modelling & automation)
- Knowledge & technology to increase recovery yields and extract additional elements (primary/secondary materials streams)
- Technology to ensure the quality of by-products for use in new applications (e.g., process control of slag properties / slag composition)
- Methods & business models to use secondary materials or side streams from internal processes or across business sectors to enhance efficiency and recovery of metals.
- Mechanical & chemical processing of complex products with minimal dissipation of CRMs.
- Reuse (compatibility: logistics / product optimization / reintegration into life cycle / safety / efficiency)







What are the expected impacts?

- Sustainable & climate neutral mineral / metal supply
- Optimized processes for competitive & sustainable processing / refining capacity
- Increased:
 - ✓ resource efficiency by increased minerals & metal recovery (primary/ secondary)
 - security of supply of raw materials
- Development:
 - ✓ circular economy hub in the EU (cross-sectoral process streams)
 - ✓ markets for by-products
- Maintain energy intensive industries in Europe
- Efficient energy & water use
- Reduced landfill/tailings
- Waste:
 - ✓ inventories of depositories and dumps (municipal landfills, domestic waste streams)
 - ✓ improvement of their use (redirection of waste streams)

Credits: Boliden



Frontrunners in sustainability





Climate neutral and circular metals systems



Cobalt recycling (credit: Nickelhütte Aue)

Accelerate technological developments: mineral processing, metal production & recycling to stay competitive while adopting to climate neutral processes (goal: net zero GHG emissions by 2045)

CRMA targets by 2030: R&I to develop economically and environmentally viable processes for extracting SRM/CRMs as by-products from existing mines/waste streams/EOL products, or from advanced exploration projects.

Access to piloting facilities is key

Long term: Metals recovery from new exploration targets and MS Exploration Programs (increased knowledge base will attract investments)



Environmental & social performance



Wetland restoration (Credit: Kaunis Iron)

High environmental and social performance are key for achieving Social License to Operate and to attract a skilled work force

Examples of **R&I needs** on both **technical- and social science**:

- Water management
- Dam safety and tailings management
- Air emissions management
- Waste management
- Biodiversity status
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Management of land-use conflict
- Gender equality and diversity
- Safety and needs of workers
- Non-destructive exploration technologies



Recommendations



Credit: Sandvick



The European Union and the Member States cannot rest on its laurels if we want to secure raw materials for our industries:

Dramatically strengthen the mineral resource R&I sector



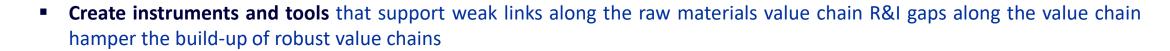
Create opportunities for research collaboration between industry, SMEs, academia, institute and public authorities

Encourage Member States to provide national R&I funding possibilities



Prioritise a Cofund Partnership on Raw Materials

Enable R&I collaboration with other strong mining countries giving access to a stronger, broader, more mature
 R&I community (e.g., Australia, Canada, the US)



Gain leadership in strategic research in the raw materials ecosystem

Both basic and applied research are need if we are to rebuild a strong, competitive minerals industry



Thank you for your attention!

Follow us on



Access to the SRIA



Interested in joining? Visit our website (www.etpsmr.org) and contact the Secretariat for more information.