

# **ETP SMR - What is it?**

The European Technology Platform on Sustainable Mineral Resources (ETP SMR) is an association of entities operating in the Mineral Resources R&I sector across the whole value chain.

Our mission is to develop long-term European Minerals Industries Research and Innovation agendas and roadmaps for actions at EU and national level.





# Members



- Raw materials Industry
- Technology providers
- Geological Surveys
- Academia and Research Institutes
- Industry & Stakeholder Associations
- International partners





# Summary of activities Nov. 2023 - 2024



**ETP SMR 16th General Meeting** Trondheim, Norway | 4-5 September 2024



**ETP SMR 15th General Meeting** Örebro, Sweden | 1-2 November 2023



# Update of the ETP SMR Strategic R&I Agenda

- Update ambitions to match current needs
  Two workshops, Dec 2022 and March 2023,
  + consultation procedure on a first and second draft
- The World's climate ambitions increase the need for metals and minerals and also highlights also the need for climate neutral mining-, processing/refining-, and recycling operations
- Changed geopolitical context security of supply cannot be taken for granted
- > New RM for emerging technologies the EU aims for leadership
- Advise the European Commission on relevant R&I needs for the mineral raw materials industries to enable secure and sustainable raw materials for the EU industries in line with the ambitions of the CRMA.



https://www.etpsmr.org/?post\_doc uments=etp-smr-strategic-researchand-innovation-agenda-2023





# **Raw Material Week - November 2023**



Impulse speech EU-Raw-Materials-RI-Day Katarina NILSSON: ETP SMR Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda for 2025-2030 (13 Nov. 2023)

#### ETP SMR SRIA Launch RMW side event (13 Nov. 2023)





Workshop on the Strategic R&I Agenda for the proposed Cofunded Partnership Raw Materials for the Green and Digital Transition Co-organised with ERA-MIN3 (14 Nov. 2023)

# **Events & Conferences**

- PROMETIA 10<sup>th</sup> Scientific Seminar (Nov. 2023) ETP SMR SRIA presentation
- PDAC 2024 (March 2024) Our activities were showcased on the screens of the European Commission stand, & discussions and presented our SRIA.
- EIT Raw Material Summit (May 2024) Julie Hollis panellist in the "Addressing the Energy Storage and Conversion Realities" session
- IndTech2024 (June 2024) Kacper Chmielewski was invited to be part of a roundtable: "Changing the raw materials landscape: a SRIA for an EU co-funded Raw Materials Partnership". Discussion on ETP SMR's SRIA and its link with ERAMIN's SRIA and the CRM Act.
- EUSEW 2024 (June 2024) EU Sustainable Energy Week in Brussels
- IGC 2024 (August 2024) 37<sup>th</sup> International Geological Congress





# Involvement of EU R&I actions in joint clustering and networking using ETP SMR

#### **ETP SMR co-hosting the International Raw Materials Conference**

Uppsala 25.-26.4.2023

"Sourcing the European energy transition from domestic raw materials resources – vision or wishful thinking?"







# ETP SMR: Shaping Energy-Intensive Policies Through Sub-Group Work and Consultation Response

• ETP SMR activities in sub-group of the High-Level Group on Energy-Intensive Industries

ETP SMR is actively involved in a sub-group of the High-Level Group on Energy-Intensive Industries. This group is working with the European Commission to develop a Transition Pathway (TP) for the European metals industry (both ferrous and non-ferrous).

Our members played a key role by providing valuable feedback on draft documents in December 2023, April & July 2024.

These documents covered crucial areas like:



• Feedback on ERA MIN's 1st Draft of the Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA) on Raw Materials in April 2024.



# The role of research and innovation in ensuring a safe and sustainable supply of critical raw materials in the EU



The role of research and innovation in ensuring a safe and sustainable supply of critical raw materials in the EU

STUDY Panel for the Future of Science and Technology



EPRS | European Parliamentary Research Service Scientific Foresight Unit (STOA) PE 762.848 - July 2024

ΕN

The **European Parliament's report** mentions ETP SMR's SRIA several times.



### **NEWSLETTERS**

### **SOCIAL MEDIA**

Linked in

European Technology Platform on Sustainable Mineral Resources



## Actions 2024-2025

• Workshop for members only in conjunction Raw Material Week 2024





# Why should you join the ETP SMR?



- Gain visibility and recognition from the European Commission (DG GROW), our key contact in defining research strategy priorities and innovation actions in the Mineral Resources sector, as well as the broader EU industry, research and policy community, particularly through our participation in strategic events such as EU Raw Materials Week, where ETP SMR is invited to participate and propose speakers.
- Be a part of our ETP SMR Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA), established and driven by our members and defining their common vision of the future challenges, highlighting current needs and gaps. The SRIA serves as an input to the European Commission's research programmes highlighting topics that need to be addressed within the multiannual work programme on raw materials, including calls and partnerships.
- Engagement with strategic partners in the raw materials R&I sector, including close cooperation with exploration and mining companies and other industries from the private sector across the raw materials value chain, as well as the public sector national Geological Surveys of Europe.
- ✓ Access latest news in the raw material sector concerning research and innovation projects and European policy developments.
- Provide input into the framing of strategic Position Papers on issues of key relevance to the Raw Materials sector and to the implementation of EU policy and legislation.
- Preferential access to an established network of partners for collaboration in raw materials research and innovation projects.
- ✓ Become part of a larger community and gain visibility on the European stage.











# ETP SMR Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA) – Summary







# Need for Research and Innovation in Exploration



- No new mines without exploration
- < 2% of investments in exploration are allocated to EU Member States</p>
- CRM Act Member States shall draw up national exploration programmes
- Mineral potential Europe is underexplored

#### Challenges

- Skills shortage
- > Need:
  - **R&I** to **discover** and **understand ore deposits** in Europe
  - Technology to process, extract and recycle CRM/SRM
  - **Collaboration** with strong exploration & mining jurisdiction



- Strengthen efforts to improve the EU's exploration capabilities by linking R&I actions to the Member States Exploration Programs (actions needed now, however long term effects)
- Improved knowledge base on the vast variety of European ore types (not limited to MS Exploration Programs) and cost-effective exploration technology.

#### R&I – Policy

 Examination of policy and legislative barriers to the EU's ability to increase domestic production from both primary and secondary sources.





# What are the expected impacts?



#### Reduced:

- ✓ ore losses through improved mineral deposit models
- ✓ mining waste through increased resource efficiency

#### Increased:

- knowledge of Europe's mineral deposits (incl. CRMs & SRMs)
- ✓ understanding of mineralizing processes in different environments
- ✓ attractiveness of exploration investments

#### Improved:

- ✓ efficient use of old mining waste as a secondary raw material
- European resilience and self-sufficiency regarding strategic and CRMs, providing responsibly produced minerals and metals to European industries

Provision of technology and knowledge required to discover and characterize new mineral deposits



(Credit: EPIROC)



# **Need for Research and Innovation in Mining**



#### **Energy & Electrification**

#### **Key for lowering CO2 emissions**

#### • Energy- and cost-efficient:

- mining and quarrying processes
- transportation in the mine/ quarry
- Development of climate-neutral mining, quarrying technology & processes
- Mechanical excavation methods for hard rock conditions and continuous mining
- Improving & developing ventilation, air quality control, and on-demand temperature control

#### **Production & processes**

- Resource-efficient mining
- Sustainable resource management (reduce water and energy consumption)
- Deep mining solutions for high rock stress environments
- Alternative materials for backfill, rock support, and explosives to reduce emissions
- Efficient backfilling techniques with increased use of waste while addressing challenges with properties, stability & subsidence

#### Automation

#### Key enabler of operational safety and efficiency

- Reliable communication networks with real-time capabilities
- •Automation features enabling closed process cycles with interaction remotely or totally adaptive optimisation => "zero persons at face"

•**Predictive maintenance** from supply chain to recycling with green, sustainable focus, securing robustness and 24/7 operations

Digital test simulation environments, AI & on-edge technology

#### Digitalisation

#### Focus on end-to-end processes creating interoperability

- Explore digital technology possibilities to provide the best possible conditions for deep mining (incl. digital twins)
- Use of AI in the mining and quarrying environment / processes
- Create digital environments from technology development, system integration, to cybersecurity
- Use digitalisation technology: creating & connecting value in and between process areas
- •Interoperability: communication man2machine / machine2machine / machine2process systems to optimize / increase mining efficiency and safety
- On-line analysis for agile decision-making
- Autonomous or remote-controlled operations



# What are the expected impacts?



#### Minimized:

- ✓ environmental and climate impacts of mining
- ✓ dilution and maximized ore recovery

#### Reduced:

- ✓ total energy consumption per tons of produced ore
- ✓ waste rock

#### Increased:

- ✓ social acceptance
- European export of world-class mining and environmental technology

#### Improved:

- ✓ cost-efficient mining
- ✓ safety in mining operations
- ✓ attractive working environments



(Credit: GKZ Freiberg)



# Need for Research and Innovation in Mineral Processing



#### Traceability and industry integration



• Global Passport - traceability through the value chain

#### **Process optimization**

#### • Comminution technologies

- ✓ Measurement technology
- ✓ Models for optimizing design
- Control of comminution and separation circuits

#### • Efficient wet and dry separation processes / technologies

- ✓ Treating polymetallic and complex ores
- ✓ Removing impurities
- Improving recovery of low-grade

#### Geometallurgical modelling

- ✓ Process mineralogy
- Analytics for resources characterization
- Economical optimisation
- ✓ Ore traceability
- New and smart process design and methods
- Model-predictive control concepts and data-driven models (digital twins)

#### **Environmental performance**

- Flotation reagents (effects on downstream processing, water recirculation, and health and safety)
- Water treatment methods
- Feasibility of dry stacking in wet climates

#### **Recycling and secondary feed streams**

- Design for end-of-life products
- Automation
  - ✓ Identification of the source
  - Dismantling and separation

#### System integration

- **Digitised processing plants** (advanced online characterization, sensor technology, and data analytics)
- Integration with upstream and downstream processes (geology/mining and smelter processes)
- Coupling of business sectors and development of new business models





# What are the expected impacts?



#### Reduced:

- ✓ energy consumption
- ✓ losses of valuable minerals (including CRMs)

#### Increased:

- ✓ revenue through cost-effective production of by-products
- ✓ security of supply of raw materials

#### Improved:

- venvironmental performance (e.g., climate impact, water management, emissions, tailings)
- ✓ social acceptance of mineral processing plants due to higher resource efficiency, lower emissions, and less waste

#### **Developed intelligent production systems**





# Need for Research and Innovation in Metallurgy / Metals recovery & Recycling



New materials for emerging technologies (procurement/production/recycling)

#### Traceability and industry integration

• EU's digital product passport in the recycling industry for circular economy

#### Decarbonisation

- Climate neutral processing & refining technologies (incl. use of reagents with no carbon footprint)
- Alternative carbon free reduction agents (technically & economically viable)
- Decarbonisation of energy intensive metallurgical processes

#### **Environmental performance**

- Methods for optimized use of energy & water
- Development of technologies with low atmospheric & water emissions with minimal impact on the environment

Process- and resource optimisation (primary- and secondary resources)

- Process design optimization using thermodynamic data, considering efficiency in the process route (new measurement technology, process modelling & automation)
- Knowledge & technology to increase recovery yields and extract additional elements (primary/secondary materials streams )
- Technology to ensure the quality of by-products for use in new applications (e.g., process control of slag properties / slag composition)
- Methods & business models to use secondary materials or side streams from internal processes or across business sectors to enhance efficiency and recovery of metals.
- Mechanical & chemical processing of complex products with minimal dissipation of CRMs.
- Reuse (compatibility: logistics / product optimization / reintegration into life cycle / safety / efficiency)



# What are the expected impacts?



- Sustainable & climate neutral mineral / metal supply
- Optimized processes for competitive & sustainable processing / refining capacity
- Increased:
  - ✓ **resource efficiency** by **increased minerals** & **metal recovery** (primary/ secondary)
  - security of supply of raw materials
- Development:
  - circular economy hub in the EU (cross-sectoral process streams)
  - ✓ markets for by-products
- Maintain energy intensive industries in Europe
- Efficient energy & water use
- Reduced landfill/tailings
- Waste:
  - inventories of depositories and dumps (municipal landfills, domestic waste streams)
  - improvement of their use (redirection of waste streams)



# **Frontrunners in sustainability – climate neutral and circular metals systems**



Cobalt recycling (credit: Nickelhütte Aue)

- Accelerate technological developments: mineral processing, metal production & recycling to stay competitive while adopting to climate neutral processes (goal: net zero GHG emissions by 2045)
- CRMA targets by 2030: R&I to develop economically and environmentally viable processes for extracting SRM/CRMs as byproducts from existing mines/waste streams/EOL products, or from advanced exploration projects.

#### ➡ Access to piloting facilities is key

• Long term: Metals recovery from new exploration targets and MS Exploration Programs (increased knowledge base will attract investments)



# Frontrunners in sustainability – environmental & social performance



High environmental and social performance are key for achieving Social License to Operate and to attract a skilled work force

Examples of **R&I needs** on both **technical- and social science**:

- Water management
- Dam safety and tailings management
- Air emissions management
- Waste management
- Biodiversity status
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Management of land-use conflict
- Gender equality and diversity
- Safety and needs of workers
- Non-destructive exploration technologies



Wetland restoration (Credit: Kaunis Iron)

# Recommendations



The European Union and the Member States cannot rest on its laurels if we want to secure raw materials for our industries:

Dramatically strengthen the mineral resource R&I sector



Create opportunities for research collaboration between industry, SMEs, academia, institute and public authorities

Encourage Member States to provide national R&I funding possibilities



Prioritise a Cofund Partnership on Raw Materials

- Enable R&I collaboration with other strong mining countries giving access to a stronger, broader, more mature
  R&I community (e.g., Australia, Canada, the US)
- Create instruments and tools that support weak links along the raw materials value chain R&I gaps along the value chain hamper the build-up of robust value chains
- Gain leadership in strategic research in the raw materials ecosystem

Both basic and applied research are need if we are to rebuild a strong, competitive minerals industry

# Thank you for your attention!

#### Follow us on



Interested in joining? Visit our website (<u>www.etpsmr.org</u>) and contact the Secretariat for more information.



